

**State of Arizona
Department of Transportation
Motor Vehicle Division**

**Arizona Mandatory Insurance
Reporting System**

Guide for Insurance Companies

**Version 2.4
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1. Introduction to the Arizona Mandatory Insurance Reporting System

1.1. AMIRS Guide for Insurance Companies Purpose

The purpose of this guide is to provide reporting entities with the information necessary to implement the required reporting of insurance policy information to the Arizona Department of Transportation, Motor Vehicle Department Arizona Mandatory Insurance Reporting System.

This guide provides a mix of business and technical information to define when and how insurance information will be transmitted between the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) Motor Vehicle Division (MVD) and the company.

The most current version of this guide will be posted on our web site at:

http://www.azdot.gov/mvd/documents/x12_insurance.pdf

Permission granted to reproduce additional copies as needed.

1.2. AMIRS Goal and Authorization

ADOT MVD is dedicated to facilitating licensing, safety programs and compliance with motor vehicle laws. The AMIRS takes advantage of current technology to communicate and partner with the insurance industry and/or service bureaus through a policy reporting system which reduces the necessity for vehicle owners and drivers to submit proof of insurance coverage.

AMIRS is operated by ADOT MVD and the information reported is stored in a database maintained internally on our mainframe computer. The operation of this system is not contracted with any outside entity.

Arizona Revised Statutes Title 28, Chapter 9, Section 4148 requires that each company report at least every seven days. Copies of the statute may be found at:

<http://www.azleg.state.az.us/ars/28/04148.htm>

1.3. AMIRS Data Transmission

The AMIRS requires the transmission of data through Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) using a standardized format. Data must be formatted in accordance with the specifications in this guide, which is an implementation of the 811 transaction set format as defined by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI), Accredited Standards Committee (ASC) X12N.

There are two (2) transmission methods available, Information Exchange (IE), and File Transfer Protocol (FTP).

1.4. AMIRS Reportable Activity

Insurance companies are required to report activity for both vehicle specific and non-vehicle specific policies. Reportable activity includes:

- Policy cancellation
- Policy non-renewal
- New policy issue
- Policy reinstatement
- Vehicle added to a vehicle specific policy
- Vehicle deleted from a vehicle specific policy
- Commercial coverage renewals reported at least annually

Currently, the AMIRS receives and processes about 650,000 EDI policy report transactions every month, from about 500 NAIC's, submitted by over 200 reporting entities..

1.5. Policy Report Process

Reportable policy types are vehicle specific, driver specific and non-specific.

Vehicle specific policies are the most common and are matched to vehicle records using the vehicle identification number (VIN).

Driver specific policies are the SR22 and SR26 policy types. These match to driver license records in the ADOT MVD driver license database. Driver license data is linked to the title and registration database using the primary owner's driver license number. This policy type will link to vehicles where the SR policyholder is the primary owner. If the SR policyholder is not the primary vehicle owner, the SR policy coverage will not be linked to that vehicle record.

Non-vehicle specific policies are generally referred to as 'all owned' or "blanket policies". These are issued to organizational entities for a specific coverage amount insuring all that organization's vehicles at any given time. With this type of policy, the organizations do not provide the insurance company with their vehicle's information. These reports are linked to vehicles through a customer number in the ADOT MVD customer database. Customer number may be the organization's FEIN or an MVD issued customer number. ***The AZ MVD does not have many of the organizational FEINs on it's customer database. This means that the majority of non specific reports reported with FEIN will not find a match and will be returned as customer not found (E170) errors.*** Due to this failure to match, some vehicle owners with this policy type will be sent notices, requesting proof of insurance and their responses will be entered manually. For this reason, we advise all organizations to report vehicle specific, whenever possible. In the case of "blanket or all owned" coverage where the insurance company does not know the VIN, we try and match non specific reports to vehicles using the FEIN reported, but this method cannot be considered accurate.

Non-vehicle specific reports will not be accepted for private passenger coverage using the policy holder's driver license number as the customer number.

1.5.1. Vehicle Specific Update Process

An accurately coded VIN is essential to link policy coverage to the vehicle record. The system is vehicle based, not policy based as it is on many insurance company's systems. The VIN is the database key used to access the vehicle record, if the VIN reported does not match to a VIN on the Arizona's Title and Registration database, that policy transaction report cannot be applied. We receive many vehicle specific reports without an accurate VIN; those cannot access the appropriate vehicle record and are returned as VIN errors. A VIN error means that a vehicle record matching that VIN is not on Arizona's databases. Frequently, insurance companies inquire about errors on VINs that are valid according to VIN validation software, even though it is a valid VIN, no vehicle record with that particular VIN was found. Most frequently, this is because that particular vehicle is not registered in Arizona. Each vehicle record has a own policy record attached to it and a policy report for one vehicle has no effect on policy records attached to other vehicles. Every vehicle (VIN), must be reported when coverage is added and cancelled. If one vehicle is being added and another dropped from a policy, then a new business report must be submitted for the vehicle being added and a cancellation report must be submitted for the vehicle being dropped. There is no master policy record, the policy number alone cannot be used to apply updates. Since each policy transaction is independent from others, a vehicle can be added to or cancelled from a policy, without effecting any other vehicle's coverage by the same policy.

The system first attempts to match the VIN on the policy report to an existing vehicle on the ADOT MVD title and registration database. If a successful VIN match is found, the policy report is compared to any existing policies already connected to that vehicle record by checking for exact matches to the insurance company code and policy number. If an exact match is found, the policy report information overlays and updates the policy record on the database. When an exact match is not found, the policy report is attached as a new policy record. New business policy reports that match to cancelled policies already on the system are rejected if the registration is in a suspended status. If a non-matching new business or a cancelled policy is received for a vehicle with a suspended registration, the policy record is attached to that vehicle record, but will have no effect on the registration suspension status.

Due to the insurance code and policy number matching process, it is very important that insurance companies consistently use with the same insurance code and policy number for the same vehicle's coverage. If a company changes these values in any way, the system will not recognize a policy report as an update to an existing policy, but will instead insert it as a separate policy record. If either the insurance code or policy number must be changed, report a cancellation using the original values and send a new business policy report with the new values.

1.5.2. VIN Non-match Re-processing

A process is in place to give a vehicle specific policy transaction a "second chance" to make a successful VIN match. Policy reports are frequently received before the corresponding vehicle record is created. This occurs when vehicle owners inform their insurance company that they have moved to Arizona, but do not register their vehicles with the MVD in a timely manner.

When a vehicle specific policy record does not match on VIN, the reported VIN is validated through a simple test. This test is designed to weed out policy reports with obvious VIN error values such as ("TBD", "UNK", "Unknown", "To follow", "99999", "00000" etc.). Policy reports that fail this validation are returned to the sender immediately, otherwise they are written to a file for reprocessing. Every processing day for 90 calendar days, additional attempts are made to match the unmatched policy report to a vehicle record. If a matching vehicle record is registered at MVD within the 90 day period, the policy record will attach to the vehicle record, otherwise the policy report is written to an error record and returned to the insurance company. This process results in several hundred additional matches every week. One disadvantage to this method is that the insurance company isn't notified of most VIN errors for 90 days.

1.5.3. Error Process

AMIRS returns all policy report errors to the submitting entity, unless they are exempt from the Arizona's mandatory insurance legislative requirements. Some states have "hard" and "soft" errors, where policy reports with hard errors are not applied and those with soft errors are applied, but require a subsequent correction. Any error returned from AMIRS is a "hard" error, that policy report transaction was not applied as a policy update and is not retained by AMIRS.

Error records returned should be corrected and resubmitted as soon as possible. Correction of unmatched policy records is essential to prevent unnecessary notices and enforcements actions being taken against the vehicle owner/policy holder. Currently, the AMIRS system returns over 17,000 VIN errors every month. Policy reports with unmatched VINs and other errors result in problems and extra work for the vehicle owner/policy holder, the insurance company and the MVD. Reduction of the number of errors reported and timely resolution of these errors is essential. The MI reporting coordinator can assist with the resolution of errors, when necessary.

1.6. Insurance Verification Overview

Policy reports received from both insurance companies and vehicle owners update the VD title and registration databases. Every week all currently registered vehicles on the databases are checked for active insurance coverage.

If active coverage is not found, the registered owner is sent a verification notice requesting that evidence of insurance coverage be provided to the ADOT MVD within 15 days. Proof of coverage submitted in response to the notice is recorded in the appropriate insurance database. Failure to provide evidence in this time period results in that vehicle's registration being suspended.

During the time a vehicle registration is in suspension status, the AMIRS will no longer accept active coverage updates to policies already on file for that vehicle. At this point, it is the vehicle owner's responsibility to prove that they did not let their coverage lapse. When they cannot prove that continuous coverage was maintained, they are required to pay a registration reinstatement fee and obtain and maintain SR22 coverage for three years from the date of suspension in order to reinstate and maintain that vehicle's registration.

It is in the best interest of both ADOT MVD and the insurance industry to ensure AMIRS is as accurate as possible, to avoid sending unnecessary notices and generating invalid suspension actions against our joint customers.

2. Electronic Data Interchange Overview

2.1. EDI Background

Electronic Data Interchange, commonly referred to as EDI, is computer-to-computer transmission of business data using a standardized computer readable format. Any amount of data can be exchanged with message acknowledgments validating delivery. Large numbers of trading partners are easily managed by commercial EDI software.

Becoming an EDI trading partner requires a computer (PC, mid-range or mainframe) and the following:

- Communications hardware
- Communications software
- X12 translation software

There are many companies marketing EDI software and hardware. There are packages for all sizes of computers and most operating systems. Prices vary widely, usually based on the size of the computer. There are also service bureaus that submit EDI X12 reports on behalf of insurance companies. Some of these are listed in section 7.3 of this document.

Sources available for obtaining more information on X12 translation software include: <http://www.disa.org/>, EDI trade shows, insurance trade organizations and review of the ANSI X12 Set 811, Release 003050 Version 3.0 implementation guide.

2.2. Data Connectivity

Reporting entities have the choice of using either one of two (2) different connectivity methods; Value added network (VAN) which connects to Information Exchange (IE), or File Transfer Protocol (FTP).

2.2.1. Information Exchange

ADOT MVD has selected ADVANTIS to provide one method of data connectivity between reporting entities and the AMIRS. ADVANTIS is a collection of value added services provided by AT&T Global Network. ADVANTIS services usually are billed as a one time set up fee, a monthly charge and a usage charge. IVANS is a re-marketer of ADVANTIS services for the insurance industry

If a company desires ADVANTIS connectivity, it must obtain an account and electronic mailbox .

2.2.1.1. Electronic Mailbox

An electronic mailbox is a unique “address” that provides a company with the ability to receive and send information between trading partners. It packages data inside an ‘electronic envelope’, containing the address of the sender and receiver. When you receive your envelope, you open it, handle the contents, re-package it and return both acknowledgements and error data back through the same mailbox.

2.2.2. File Transfer Protocol

Reporting entities may also use FTP with PGP encryption as a connectivity method. An account directory is set up on an AMIRS server for the company. Within this account directory are two sub-directories, one for sending data (toadot) and one for returning functional acknowledgments and any error data back to the reporting entity (fromadot). After AMIRS successfully extracts the data received, it is deleted from the ‘toadot’ directory. The reporting entity is responsible for deleting the files in the ‘fromadot’ directory after downloading them into their system.

Reporting entities must obtain their own Internet service provider and communications hardware and software.

ADOT MVD has endeavored to make the server as secure as possible through the exchange of encryption keys and signatures.

There are specific requirements that we have for X12 ftp transmissions:

When sending us a file, our ftp file name requirements are:

- Must have a maximum length of 8
- Must start with a letter
- Must only contain letters and numbers
- **Must not have a file extension**

It is also recommended that you vary the file name to keep from overlaying any file previous data, in case of a delay with our normal extract process. Our process will extract all files existing in the directory at run time.

We require an 80 byte record length for your file. This affects the ISA segment, since that exceeds 80 bytes. You must split your ISA between 2 records, so that byte 81 of the ISA begins in position 1 of the next record. We also require that there is one segment per line in the file.

Also, we have a certain requirement for the ISA06 element. The FTP account name should be repeated twice, with at least 1 space between each occurrence, in all uppercase characters. In the example below we are using the value "FTPACCT" as a substitution for the FTP account name that will be assigned to your organization, you will use the actual account name assigned to you. Per the ANSI standard, the ISA06 must be exactly 15 characters counting spaces. Your ISA should look similar to the following:

```
ISA.00. .00. .ZZ.FTPACCT FTPACCT.ZZ.AZMV AZMVIE4 .030731.113  
0.U.00305.000000214.0.P...
```

Your GS will be similar to this:

```
GS.CI.FTPACCT FTPACCT.AZMV AZMVIE4.030731.1130.214.X.003050.
```

Your ftp directory is set up with 2 subdirectories below it, "toadot" and "fromadot". You will place all of the files that you send to us in the "toadot" subdirectory. We will place all 997s and error files in the "fromadot" subdirectory. After we upload your data from the "toadot" subdirectory, we delete any files there. After you successfully extract your 997s and error files being returned to you, delete them from the "fromadot" subdirectory. This indicates to each of us that the other has successfully extracted the data sent to them.

2.3. ANSI ASC X12.39 TS 811

Policy reports sent to AMIRS must be in the nationally standardized format as defined by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI), Accredited Standards Committee (ASC) X12N. This standard is known as the ANSI ASC X12.39, Transaction Set 811, Consolidated Service Invoice Statement, Version: 003050. The insurance industry subcommittee of ANSI has defined the business usage of this transaction set to be for notification to state agencies within the U.S. of insurance coverage on a motor vehicle.

Reporting entities planning to report electronically must obtain a copy of the ALIR Implementation Guide, Version 3.0. It will be used as a reference manual for identifying the ANSI standards currently used. This document provides information necessary to facilitate an implementation of EDI. This ALIR Implementation Guide enables the use of EDI for the notification of the status of insurance coverage. In this guide for insurance companies, the AMIRS has identified specific data segments and data elements out of the ANSI ALIR implementation guide, Version 3.0.

A complete copy of the ALIR Implementation Guide, Version 3.0 is available by contacting Washington Publishing at 1-800-972-4334 or at their web site at

<http://www.wpc-edi.com/registry>

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2.4. Electronic Reporting Process

The following steps describe an overview of how insurance information is received and processed via X12 (TS 811).

1. Reporting entities package their policy report into a document. VAN customers place this document into an electronic envelope and transmit it to the AMIRS electronic mailbox. FTP customers sign onto the ADOT server and put their policy report onto the AMIRS FTP server.
2. The EDI software retrieves the electronic envelope, removes the document and translates the information into individual records in the application's data format. A Functional Acknowledgment document (ASC X12 TS 997) is prepared for returning to the sender. The translator checks to insure that the document follows the rules of the 811 ALIR standard and the AMIRS implementation. Certain translator errors will be identified in the 997 acknowledgments.
3. The 997-acknowledgment transaction is sent to the reporting entity's electronic mailbox or put on the AMIRS FTP server. A 997 is always sent to acknowledge receipt, whether or not any translation errors were detected.
4. The data is validated for content errors. Validation errors are described in another section of this guide. Records that do not pass validation are written to a file for subsequent error processing. Valid records are passed on for matching.
5. Validated records are matched either by VIN or customer number, depending on their specific reporting type. Matched records are used to update the insurance databases.
6. Unmatched and some error records are immediately translated back to an 811 document, placed in an electronic envelope and returned to the reporting entity's electronic mailbox or FTP account's sub-directory. Most VIN mismatched records are retained in a reprocessing file for 90 calendar days of rematch attempts. If there are no error records, only the (TS997) acknowledgement transaction is returned.
7. Daily statistical reports regarding each insurance company's policy reports received are generated for MI Reporting Coordinator.

3. Business Reporting Specifications

3.1. Insurance Business Contact and Set Up

In order to implement the EDI process for submitting insurance information, each reporting entity must contact the MI reporting coordinator and provide the following information:

1. The project managers and technical contacts during development and implementation. Include names, titles, addresses, phone numbers, e-mail addresses, etc. Also, identify the on-going contact person, if different.
2. The transmission method (IE, or FTP) of choice based on reporting specifications found in this section and Section 2. If reporting by IE, provide the account information necessary to access the electronic mailbox.
3. As ADOT MVD is limited in the number of companies that can be converted at any given time, requests for starting dates will be on first request basis. Failure to report may result in a non-compliance report being filed with the Arizona Department of Insurance (DOI). The DOI may impose sanctions on the insurance company, including fines and suspension of license.

Once the Reporting Coordinator receives this information, the company will be instructed concerning the testing process.

3.2. On-going Reporting of Insurance Information

The following list addresses some of the on-going insurance information reporting requirements:

- Insurance companies must report at least once every seven days. If no there was no reportable activity for the period, a no activity report is required.
- Reportable activity is:
 - A policy cancellation.
 - A policy non-renewal.
 - A new policy issue.
 - A vehicle added to a vehicle specific policy.
 - A vehicle deleted from a vehicle specific policy.
 - Commercial coverage renewals reported at least annually
- Both vehicle specific and non-vehicle specific policies must be reported. Vehicle specific policies must have a valid VIN and non-vehicle specific policies must have a valid Arizona customer number.
- Both private passenger and commercial policies must be reported, please note the renewal requirement for commercial coverage.

Reports must be made in accordance with the X12 EDI specifications outlined in this guide

4. EDI Technical Specifications

4.1. X12 811 Information

Reporting entity's programming must include the ability to send a (TS811) policy report to the AMIRS and to receive both (TS811) error transactions and (TS997) functional acknowledgments from the AMIRS. If possible, do not return an (TS997) in response to the error records that are returned from the AMIRS.

Translation errors can be avoided if a sender ensures that the transaction set is in compliance with the ANSI standard. **A copy of the ANSI standard document, along with this implementation guide is essential** for a successful implementation. The following are examples of EDI data standards:

- Dates are all number characters and are valid according to a calendar.
- Alphanumeric data elements contain only uppercase letters, numbers, spaces and certain special characters.
- Related elements are either all populated or all omitted.

ADOT MVD recommends that the following commonly used data delimiters be used in EDI transaction sets:

Data element delimiter:	hexadecimal 1D
Segment delimiter:	hexadecimal 1C
Sub-element delimiter:	hexadecimal 1F

4.2. Information Exchange Information

AMIRS Account Number:	AZMV
AMIRS Userid:	AZMVIE4
Test Message Class:	MIX12T
Production Message Class	MIX12P

5. Data Element Specifications

5.1. 811 AMIRS Policy Receipt

This is the Arizona adaptation of the X12 (TS811) Version 3050. The segments and data elements defined in this document specify the data required by Arizona with most of the values required for a valid 811 transaction. The inclusion of additional data is optional to the sender, but cannot be returned on the error records.

5.1.1. Table 1 – Header Level

811 Header

Segment: ST – Transaction Set Header

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
ST01	Transaction Set Identifier Code	811	3/3
ST02	Transaction Set Control Number	Unique control number, assigned by sender	4/9

Date Insurance Entity Created File

Segment: BIG - Beginning Segment for Invoice

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
BIG01	Date	Creation date (YYMMDD)	6/6
BIG02	Invoice Number	“1”	1/1

Sender’s Name and Identification Number

Loop ID: N1 - Sender’s Name and Identification Number

Segment: N1 - Name

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
N101	Entity ID Code	“IN” (Insurer)	2/2
N102	Name	Sender’s name	1/35
N103	ID Code Qualifier	“NI” (NAIC code) or “FI” (Federal Tax ID number)	2/2
N104	ID Code	NAIC Code or Federal Tax ID number	5/9

Receiver’s Name and Identification Number

Loop ID: N1 - Receiver’s Name and Identification Number

Segment: N1 - Name

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
N101	Entity ID Code	“2F” (State)	2/2
N102	Name	“ARIZONA MVD MI”	14/14

5.1.2. Table 2 – Detail Level

5.1.2.1 Hierarchical Level 1: Insurer

Insurance Entity Level

Loop ID: HL – Insurance Entity Loop

Segment: HL - Hierarchical Level (Level 1: Insurer)

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
HL01	Hierarchical ID Number	HL Identifier	1/4
HL02	Hierarchical Parent ID	Not used	0/0
HL03	Hierarchical Level Code	“1”	1/1
HL04	Hierarchical Child Code	“1”	1/1

Insurance Entity’s Name and NAIC Code

Loop ID: HL/NM1

Segment: NM1 - Individual or Organization Name

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
NM101	Entity ID Code	“IN” (Insurer)	2/2
NM102	Entity Type Qualifier	“2” (Non-person)	1/1
NM103	Last Name or Organization Name	Organization name	1/35
NM108	Identification Code Qualifier	“NI” (NAIC Code)	2/2
NM109	ID Code	NAIC Code	5/5

Insurer Reporting Information

Loop ID: HL/IT1

Segment: IT1 Loop - Baseline Item Data

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
IT102	Quantity Invoiced	“1”	1/1
IT103	Unit	“IP”	2/2
IT104	Unit Price	“0”	1/1

Submission Date

Loop ID: HL/IT1

Segment: DTM - Date/Time/Reference

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
DTM01	Date/Time Qualifier	“368”	3/3
DTM02	Date	Date submitted	6/6
DTM05	Century	Century of submittal date	2/2

5.1.2.2. Hierarchical Level 2: State

State Level

Loop ID: HL

Segment: HL - Hierarchical Level (Level 2: Occurs once for the state)

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
HL01	Hierarchical ID Number	HL identifier	1/4
HL02	Hierarchical Parent ID	"1"	1/1
HL03	Hierarchical Level Code	"2"	1/1
HL04	Hierarchical Child Code	"1"	1/1

State Name

Loop ID: HL/NM1

Segment: NM1 - Individual or Organization Name

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
NM101	Entity ID Code	"2F"	2/2
NM102	Entity Type Qualifier	"2"	1/1
NM103	Last Name or Organization Name	"AZ"	2/2

5.1.2.3. Hierarchical Level 4: Policy

Loop ID: HL

Segment: HL - Hierarchical Level

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
HL01	Hierarchical ID Number	HL Identifier	1/4
HL02	Hierarchical Parent ID	Parent ID number	1/4
HL03	Hierarchical Level Code	"4"	1/1
HL04	Hierarchical Child Code	"1" (level 5 loops present) or "0" (no level 5 loops present)	1/1

Insured Name

Loop ID: HL/NM1

Segment: NM1 - Individual or Organization Name

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
NM101	Entity ID Code	"IL"	2/2
NM102	Entity Type Qualifier	"1" (person) or "2" (non-person entity)	1/1
NM103	Last name or organization name	Insured last name or organization name	1/35
NM104	Name First	Insured first name	1/25
NM105	Name Middle	Insured middle initial	1/1
NM108	Identification Code Qualifier	"N" (Insured DL No) or "FI" (Federal Tax ID No) or Blank (NM109 no used)	0/2
NM109	ID Code	Insured Driver's License Number or Non Person entity's FEIN	0/9

Insured Address

Loop ID: HL/NM1

Segment: N3 - Address Information

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
N301	Address Information	Insured mailing address	1/35

Insured City, State, Zip**Loop ID: HL/NM1****Segment: N4 - Geographic Location**

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
N401	City Name	Insured city	1/25
N402	State or Province Code	Insured state	2/2
N403	Postal Code	Insured zip	5/9

Policy Information**Loop ID: HL/IT1****Segment: IT1 - Baseline Item Data**

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
IT102	Quantity Invoiced	“1”	1/1
IT103	Unit	“IP”	2/2
IT104	Unit Price	“0”	1/1

Transaction Purpose**Loop ID: HL/IT1****Segment: SI - Service Characteristic Identification**

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
SI01	Agency Qualifier Code	“ZZ”	2/2
SI02	Service Characteristic Qualifier	“11”	2/2
SI03	Product/Service ID	Transaction Type: “NBS” - (New business) or “XLC” - (Cancellation) or “S22” - (SR22) or “S26” - (SR26)	3/3

Policy Number**Loop ID: HL/IT1****Segment: REF - Reference Number**

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
REF01	Reference No. Qualifier	“IG”	2/2
REF02	Reference Number	Policy number	1/30
REF03	Description	“1” - personal or “2” - commercial or “3” - collectible/classic	1/1

Issuer of Operator's Drivers License**Loop ID: HL/IT1****Segment: REF - Reference Number**

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
REF01	Reference No. Qualifier	"XM"	2/2
REF03	Description	State or province code of jurisdiction issuing driver license	2/2

Vehicle Specification Information**Loop ID: HL/IT1****Segment: REF - Reference Number**

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
REF01	Reference No. Qualifier	"S3"	2/2
REF02	Reference Number	"V" – Vehicle specific or "NS" – Not vehicle specific	1 /2

Insurance Company Information (Optional Segment)**Loop ID: HL/IT1****Segment: REF - Reference Number**

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
REF01	Reference No. Qualifier	"DD"	0/2
REF03	Description	Identifying information used by Insurance Co. which will be returned on error records	0/9

Insured Date of Birth**Loop ID: HL/IT1****Segment: DTM - Date/Time/Reference**

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
DTM01	Date/Time Qualifier	"222"	3/3
DTM02	Date	Insured date of birth	6/6
DTM05	Century	Insured century of birth	2/2

Policy Effective Date**Loop ID: HL/IT1****Segment: DTM - Date/Time/Reference**

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
DTM01	Date/Time Qualifier	“007”	3/3
DTM02	Date	Policy effective date	6/6
DTM05	Century	Century of policy effective. date	2/2

Policy Cancellation Date**Loop ID: HL/IT1****Segment: DTM - Date/Time/Reference**

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
DTM01	Date/Time Qualifier	“036”	3/3
DTM02	Date	Policy cancellation date	6/6
DTM05	Century	Century of policy cancellation. date	2/2

SR Policy Certification Date – (Optional, SR22 or SR26 reports only)**Loop ID: HL/IT1****Segment: DTM - Date/Time/Reference**

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
DTM01	Date/Time Qualifier	“458”	3/3
DTM02	Date	SR Certification date	6/6
DTM05	Century	Century of certification date	2/2

**5.1.2.4. Hierarchical Level 5: Vehicle
Vehicle Level**

Loop ID: HL

Segment: HL - Hierarchical Level

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
HL01	Hierarchical ID Number	HL identifier	1 /4
HL02	Hierarchical Parent ID	Parent identifier	1 /4
HL03	Hierarchical Level Code	“5”	1/1

Section Separator – Vehicle Level

Loop ID: HL/LX

Segment: LX - Assigned Number

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
LX01	Assigned Number	“1”	1/1

Vehicle Information

Loop ID: HL/LX

Segment: VEH –Vehicle Information

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
VEH02	Vehicle ID Number	Vehicle Identification Number (VIN)	1/25
VEH03	Century	Century vehicle was made	2/2
VEH04	Year within Century	Year vehicle was made	2/2
VEH05	Agency Qualifier Code	“NA”	2/2
VEH06	Product Description Code	Vehicle make	1/5

Vehicle License Plate Number – (Optional)

Loop ID: HL/LX

Segment: REF - Reference Number

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
REF01	Reference No. Qualifier	“LV”	1/2
REF02	Reference Number	Vehicle license plate number	1/8

5.1.3. Table 3 – Summary Level

Section Separator – Summary Level

Segment: TDS - Total Monetary Value Summary

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
TDS01	Total Invoice Amount	“1”	1/1

Segment: CTT - Transaction Totals

Seq. No	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
CTT01	Number of Line Items	Total no of insurance policy transactions in this transaction set	1/4

5.2.811 AMIRS Error Return

The following is the Arizona adaptation of the X12 (TS811) Version 3050, for error return. The segments and data elements identified are the data returned to the reporting entity from the AMIRS

5.2.1. Table 1 – Header Level

811 Header

Segment: ST – Transaction Set Header

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
ST01	Transaction Set Identifier Code	811	3/3
ST02	Transaction Set Control Number	Unique control number, assigned by sender	4/9

Date Insurance Entity Created File

Segment: BIG - Beginning Segment for Invoice

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
BIG01	Date	Creation date (YYMMDD)	6/6
BIG02	Invoice Number	“1”	1/1

Sender’s Name and Identification Number

Loop ID: N1 – Sender’s Name and Identification Number

Segment: N1 - Name

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
N101	Entity ID Code	“2F” (State)	2/2
N102	Name	“ARIZONA MVD MI”	14/14

Receiver’s Name and Identification Number

Loop ID: N1 - Receiver’s Name and Identification Number

Segment: N1 - Name

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
N101	Entity ID Code	“IN” (Insurer)	2/2
N102	Name	Receiver’s name	1/35
N103	ID Code Qualifier	“NI” (NAIC code) or “FI” (Tax ID number)	2/2
N104	ID Code	NAIC Code or Federal Tax ID number	5/9

5.2.2. Table 2 – Detail Level

5.2.2.1. Hierarchical Level 1: Insurer

Insurance Entity Level

Loop ID: HL – Insurance Entity Loop

Segment: HL - Hierarchical Level (Level 1: Insurer)

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
HL01	Hierarchical ID Number	HL Identifier	1/4
HL02	Hierarchical Parent ID	Not used	0/0
HL03	Hierarchical Level Code	“1”	1/1
HL04	Hierarchical Child Code	“1”	1/1

Insurance Entity’s Name and NAIC Code

Loop ID: HL/NM1

Segment: NM1 - Individual or Organization Name

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
NM101	Entity ID Code	“IN” (Insurer)	2/2
NM102	Entity Type Qualifier	“2” (Non-person)	1/1
NM103	Last Name or Organization Name	Organization name	1/35
NM108	Identification Code Qualifier	“NI” (NAIC Code)	2/2
NM109	ID Code	NAIC Code	5/5

Insurer Reporting Information

Loop ID: HL/IT1

Segment: IT1 Loop - Baseline Item Data

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
IT102	Quantity Invoiced	“1”	1/1
IT103	Unit	“IP”	2/2
IT104	Unit Price	“0”	1/1

Submission Date

Loop ID: HL/IT1

Segment: DTM - Date/Time/Reference

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
DTM01	Date/Time Qualifier	“368”	3/3
DTM02	Date	Date submitted	6/6
DTM05	Century	Century of submittal date	2/2

5.2.2.2. Hierarchical Level 2: State

State Level

Loop ID: HL

Segment: HL - Hierarchical Level (Level 2: Occurs once for the state)

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
HL01	Hierarchical ID Number	HL identifier	1/4
HL02	Hierarchical Parent ID	"1"	1/1
HL03	Hierarchical Level Code	"2"	1/1
HL04	Hierarchical Child Code	"1"	1/1

State Name

Loop ID: HL/NM1

Segment: NM1 - Individual or Organization Name

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
NM101	Entity ID Code	"2F"	2/2
NM102	Entity Type Qualifier	"2"	1/1
NM103	Last Name or Organization Name	"ARIZONA MVD MI"	14/14

5.2.2.3. Hierarchical Level 4: Policy

Loop ID: HL

Segment: HL - Hierarchical Level

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
HL01	Hierarchical ID Number	HL Identifier	1 /4
HL02	Hierarchical Parent ID	Parent ID number	1 /4
HL03	Hierarchical Level Code	"4"	1/1
HL04	Hierarchical Child Code	"1" (level 5 loops present) or "0" (no level 5 loops present)	1/1

Section Separator

Loop ID: HL/LX

Segment: LX – Assigned Number

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
LX01	Assigned Number	"1"	1/1

Error Identification

Loop ID: HL/LX

Segment: REF – Reference Numbers

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
REF01	Reference No. Qualifier	Value is "1Q"	2/2
REF02	Reference Number	Error code	4/4

Insured Name**Loop ID: HL/NM1****Segment: NM1 - Individual or Organization Name**

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
NM101	Entity ID Code	“IL”	2/2
NM102	Entity Type Qualifier	“1” (person) or “2” (non-person entity)	1/1
NM103	Last name or organization name	Insured last name or organization name	1/35
NM104	Name First	Insured first name	1/25
NM105	Name Middle	Insured middle initial	1/1
NM108	Identification Code Qualifier	“N” (Insured DL No) or “FI” (Federal Tax ID No) or Blank (NM109 no used)	0/2
NM109	ID Code	Insured Driver’s License Number or Non Person entity’s FEIN	0/9

Insured Address**Loop ID: HL/NM1****Segment: N3 - Address Information**

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
N301	Address Information	Insured mailing address	1/35

Insured City, State, Zip**Loop ID: HL/NM1****Segment: N4 - Geographic Location**

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
N401	City Name	Insured city	1/25
N402	State or Province Code	Insured state	2/2
N403	Postal Code	Insured zip	5/9

Policy Information**Loop ID: HL/IT1****Segment: IT1 - Baseline Item Data**

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
IT102	Quantity Invoiced	"1"	1/1
IT103	Unit	"IP"	2/2
IT104	Unit Price	"0"	1/1

Transaction Purpose**Loop ID: HL/IT1****Segment: SI - Service Characteristic Identification**

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
SI01	Agency Qualifier Code	"ZZ"	2/2
SI02	Service Characteristic Qualifier	"1"	2/2
SI03	Product/Service ID	Transaction Type: "NBS" - (New business) or "XLC" - (Cancellation) or "S22" - (SR22) or "S26" - (SR26)	3/3

Policy Number**Loop ID: HL/IT1****Segment: REF - Reference Number**

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
REF01	Reference No. Qualifier	"IG"	2/2
REF02	Reference Number	Policy number	1/30
REF03	Description	"1" - personal or "2" - commercial "3" - collectible/classic	1/1

Issuer of Operator's Drivers License**Loop ID: HL/IT1****Segment: REF - Reference Number**

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
REF01	Reference No. Qualifier	"XM"	2/2
REF03	Description	State or province code of jurisdiction issuing driver license	2/2

Vehicle Specification Information**Loop ID: HL/IT1****Segment: REF - Reference Number**

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
REF01	Reference No. Qualifier	“S3”	2/2
REF02	Reference Number	“V” – Vehicle specific or “NS” – Not vehicle specific	1/2

Insurance Company Information - (Optional)**Loop ID: HL/IT1****Segment: REF - Reference Number**

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
REF01	Reference No. Qualifier	“DD”	0/2
REF03	Description	Identifying information used by Insurance Co. which will be returned on error records	0/9

Insured Date of Birth**Loop ID: HL/IT1****Segment: DTM - Date/Time/Reference**

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
DTM01	Date/Time Qualifier	“222”	3/3
DTM02	Date	Insured date of birth	6/6
DTM05	Century	Insured century of birth	2/2

Policy Effective Date**Loop ID: HL/IT1****Segment: DTM - Date/Time/Reference**

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
DTM01	Date/Time Qualifier	“007”	3/3
DTM02	Date	Policy effective date	6/6
DTM05	Century	Century of policy effective. date	2/2

Policy Cancellation Date**Loop ID: HL/IT1****Segment: DTM - Date/Time/Reference**

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
DTM01	Date/Time Qualifier	“036”	3/3
DTM02	Date	Policy cancellation date	6/6
DTM05	Century	Century of policy cancellation date	2/2

SR Policy Certification Date — (Optional, SR22 or SR26 reports only)**Loop ID: HL/IT1****Segment: DTM - Date/Time/Reference**

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
DTM01	Date/Time Qualifier	“458”	3/3
DTM02	Date	SR Certification date	6/6
DTM05	Century	Century of certification date	2/2

5.2.2.4. Hierarchical Level 5: Vehicle

Loop ID: HL

Segment: HL - Hierarchical Level

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
HL01	Hierarchical ID Number	HL identifier	1/4
HL02	Hierarchical Parent ID	Parent identifier	1/4
HL03	Hierarchical Level Code	"5"	1/1

Section Separator

Loop ID: HL/LX

Segment: LX - Assigned Number

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
LX01	Assigned Number	"1"	1/1

Vehicle Information

Loop ID: HL/LX

Segment: VEH – Vehicle Information

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
VEH02	Vehicle ID Number	Vehicle Identification Number (VIN)	1/25
VEH03	Century	Century vehicle was made	2/2
VEH04	Year within Century	Year vehicle was made	2/2
VEH05	Agency Qualifier Code	"NA"	2/2
VEH06	Product Description Code	Vehicle make	1/5

Vehicle License Plate Number - (Optional)

Loop ID: HL/LX

Segment: REF - Reference Number

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
REF01	Reference No. Qualifier	"LV"	1 /2
REF02	Reference Number	Vehicle license plate number	1/8

Error Identification

Loop ID: HL/LX

Segment: REF – Reference Numbers

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
REF01	Reference No. Qualifier	Value is "1Q"	2/2
REF02	Reference Number	Error code	4/4

5.2.3. Table 3 – Summary Level

Section Separator – Summary Level

Segment: TDS - Total Monetary Value Summary

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
TDS01	Total Invoice Amount	“1”	1/4

Segment: CTT - Transaction Totals

Seq. No	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
CTT01	Number of Line Items	Total no of insurance policy transactions in this transaction set	1/4

5.3.811 AMIRS No Activity Report

This is the Arizona adaptation of the X12 (TS811) Version 3050. The segments and data elements defined in this document specify the data required by Arizona for a “No Activity” report using a valid 811 transaction. This report is required when there is no policy activity to be reported for a NAIC number.

5.3.1. Table 1 – Header Level

811 Header

Segment: ST – Transaction Set Header

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
ST01	Transaction Set Identifier Code	811	3/3
ST02	Transaction Set Control Number	Unique control number, assigned by sender	4/9

Date Insurance Entity Created File

Segment: BIG - Beginning Segment for Invoice

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
BIG01	Date	Creation date (YYMMDD)	6/6
BIG02	Invoice Number	“1”	1/1

Sender’s Name and Identification Number

Loop ID: N1 - Sender’s Name and Identification Number

Segment: N1 - Name

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
N101	Entity ID Code	“IN” (Insurer)	2/2
N102	Name	Sender’s name	1/35
N103	ID Code Qualifier	“NI” (NAIC code) or “FI” (Tax ID number)	2/2
N104	ID Code	NAIC Code or Federal Tax ID number	5/9

Receiver’s Name and Identification Number

Loop ID: N1 - Receiver’s Name and Identification Number

Segment: N1 - Name

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
N101	Entity ID Code	“2F” (State)	2/2
N102	Name	“ARIZONA MVD MI”	14/14

5.3.2. Table 2 – Detail Level

5.3.2.1. Hierarchical Level 1 - Insurer

Loop ID: HL – Insurance Entity Loop

Segment: HL - Hierarchical Level (Level 1: Insurer)

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
HL01	Hierarchical ID Number	HL Identifier	1/4
HL02	Hierarchical Parent ID	Not used	0/0
HL03	Hierarchical Level Code	“1”	1/1
HL04	Hierarchical Child Code	“1”	1/1

Insurance Entity’s Name and NAIC Code

Loop ID: HL/NM1

Segment: NM1 - Individual or Organization Name

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
NM101	Entity ID Code	“IN” (Insurer)	2/2
NM102	Entity Type Qualifier	“2” (Non-person)	1/1
NM103	Last Name or Organization Name	Organization name	1/35
NM108	Identification Code Qualifier	“NI” (NAIC Code)	2/2
NM109	ID Code	NAIC Code	5/5

Insurer Reporting Information

Loop ID: HL/IT1

Segment: IT1 Loop - Baseline Item Data

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
IT102	Quantity Invoiced	“1”	1/1
IT103	Unit	“IP”	2/2
IT104	Unit Price	“0”	1/1

Submission Date

Loop ID: HL/IT1

Segment: DTM - Date/Time/Reference

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
DTM01	Date/Time Qualifier	“368”	3/3
DTM02	Date	Date submitted	6/6
DTM05	Century	Century of submittal date	2/2

5.3.2.2. Hierarchical Level 2: State

Loop ID: HL

Segment: HL - Hierarchical Level (Level 2: Occurs once for the state)

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
HL01	Hierarchical ID Number	HL identifier	1/4
HL02	Hierarchical Parent ID	"1"	1/1
HL03	Hierarchical Level Code	"2"	1/1
HL04	Hierarchical Child Code	"1"	1/1

State Name

Loop ID: HL/NM1

Segment: NM1 - Individual or Organization Name

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
NM101	Entity ID Code	"2F"	2/2
NM102	Entity Type Qualifier	"2"	1/1
NM103	Last Name or Organization Name	"AZ"	2/2

**5.3.2.3. Hierarchical Level 4: Policy
Policy Level**

Loop ID: HL

Segment: HL - Hierarchical Level

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
HL01	Hierarchical ID Number	HL Identifier	1/4
HL02	Hierarchical Parent ID	Parent ID number	1/4
HL03	Hierarchical Level Code	“4”	1/1
HL04	Hierarchical Child Code	“0”	1/1

Insured Name

Loop ID: HL/NM1

Segment: NM1 - Individual or Organization Name

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
NM101	Entity ID Code	“IL”	2/2
NM102	Entity Type Qualifier	“1” (person) or “2” (non-person entity)	1/1
NM103	Last name or organization name	Value “NO ACTIVITY”	11/11

Policy Information

Loop ID: HL/IT1

Segment: IT1 - Baseline Item Data

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
IT102	Quantity Invoiced	“1”	1/1
IT103	Unit	“IP”	2/2
IT104	Unit Price	“0”	1/1

Transaction Purpose

Loop ID: HL/IT1

Segment: SI - Service Characteristic Identification

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
SI01	Agency Qualifier Code	“ZZ”	2/2
SI02	Service Characteristic Qualifier	“11”	2/2
SI03	Product/Service ID	Transaction Type: “OTH” - (Other)“	3/3

Vehicle Specification Information

Loop ID: HL/IT1

Segment: REF - Reference Number

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
REF01	Reference No. Qualifier	“S3”	2/2
REF02	Reference Number	“NS” – Not vehicle specific	2/2

5.3.3. Table 3 – Summary Level

Section Separator – Summary Level

Segment: TDS - Total Monetary Value Summary

Seq. No.	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
TDS01	Total Invoice Amount	“1”	1/1

Segment: CTT - Transaction Totals

Seq. No	X12 Name	Value To Be Used	Min/Max
CTT01	Number of Line Items	Total no of insurance policies reported in this transaction set	1/4

5.4. Criteria for Editing AMIRS Data

5.4.1. Translation Errors

The translation software will reject the entire interchange if it does not conform to the ANSI standard. Interchange rejection requires the reporting entity to correct interchange and resubmit. Translated data is processed by the AMIRS application validation software.

5.4.2. AMIRS Data Validation Error Codes

The following table lists the error codes that are used to notify the reporting entity of a problem in the data. Error reporting returns the original data record as sent by the reporting entity along with a segment including an error code. Policy reports returned in error records are not retained and will not be included in any subsequent processing. These edit errors are due to missing or invalid information in one or more of the data fields. Error records that are returned to the insurer have not been recorded in the AMIRS database. Records that are exempt from insurance legislation are not recorded, and not returned to the reporting entity.

Error Entity Values				
Table	Level	Error Type	Error Code	Description
2	1	E	011	NAIC not active
2	4	E	020	Insured last name
2	4	E	045	Insured drivers license number for SR22/SR26
2	4	E	075	Transaction type code
2	4	E	085	Missing policy number or a non commercial policy report received on a taxi or livery vehicle
2	4	E	107	Vehicle specific information
2	4	E	115	Policy effective date or registration suspended
2	4	E	125	Policy expiration date
2	4	E	170	Organizational Customer Number
2	5	E	200	Vehicle identification number

5.4.3. AMIRS Data Validation Action

This chart identifies specific data elements where the edits occur in the AMIRS validation programs. Notice that some elements are conditional (X).

Data Element	(M)andatory (O)ptional (X)Condition al	Edit Criteria	Error Type	Error Code	MVD Action (if data does not meet edit criteria)	Reporting Entity's Action
NAIC	M	Present	E	011	Transaction set rejected	Contact MI reporting coordinator
Insured Last Name	M	Present	E	020	Record rejected	Correct data element and resubmit
Insured Driver License Number	X	Present if SR filing, preferred for others	E	045	Record rejected if SR filing	Correct data element and resubmit
Transaction type code	M	Valid codes from data element specifications	E	075	Record rejected	Correct data element and resubmit
Policy Number	M	Present	E	085	Record rejected	Correct data element and resubmit
Vehicle Specific Information	M	Valid codes from data element specifications	E	107	Record rejected	Correct data element and resubmit

Data Element	(M)andatory (O)ptional (X)Condition al	Edit Criteria	Error Type	Error Code	MVD Action (if data does not meet edit criteria)	Reporting Entity's Action
Policy Effective Date	X	Present if transaction type equals 'NBS' or 'S22' or 'S26'	E	115	Record rejected	<p>On 'NBS' it normally indicates a vehicle registration suspension. Vehicle owner must take action to clear this suspension.</p> <p>On SR22 it indicates that a SR22 currently on file has an effective date equal to or more current than this effective date. Correct data element and resubmit</p> <p>On SR26 it indicates a missing effective date of the SR22 it is canceling. Correct data element and resubmit</p>
Policy Expiration Date	X	Present if transaction type equals 'XLC' or 'S22' or 'S26'	E	125	Record rejected	Correct data element and resubmit
VIN	M	Present if	E	200	Record rejected	Verify VIN on

		Policy Type equals 'V' Not present if Policy type is 'NS'.				the most current AZ issued Title or Registration Document, correct record and resubmit
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6. EDI Testing

6.1 General Provisions

A reporting entity sending insurance information through EDI is known as a trading partner.

To become a trading partner, a reporting entity must meet system requirements, along with successfully completing the testing defined in this section.

Three (3) levels of testing must be completed:

- Connectivity testing – sending and receiving messages electronically.
- Transaction set testing – translating the 811 transactions and the ability to receive 997 acknowledgments and 811 errors.
- Validation testing – testing the data for content errors.

Once testing has begun the trading partners must agree to respond to the test files and requests for revisions in a timely manner. Failure to remain in contact with the MI reporting coordinator during the testing process may result in a non-compliance report being filed with the Arizona Department of Insurance (DOI). The DOI may, after a hearing, impose sanctions on the insurance company, including fines and suspension of license.

6.2. Connectivity Testing

6.2.1. FTP

Accounts, passwords, and directories are set up for trading partners on the AMIRS server. Encryption keys are exchanged between the AMIRS and the reporting entity. The reporting entity will log onto the server and test uploading and downloading sample files to verify the FTP session is functioning properly. The AMIRS will execute processes to extract the policy reports file from the server and write error records back to the server for the company's extraction.

6.2.2. IE

The reporting entity provides the account information to provide access to their electronic mailbox to the AMIRS. The reporting entity must authorize the AMIRS to send to their account/userid. Once the mailbox setup is complete, sample files are sent to the electronic mailbox and the reporting coordinator is notified. The AMIRS will execute processes to extract the reporting entity's file from the electronic mailbox and write error records back to the electronic mailbox for the company's extraction.

6.3. Policy Report Testing

Policy report testing is between the reporting entity and the AMIRS to determine that the 811 documents sent between each other are formatted correctly. For testing purposes, the AMIRS may modify some of the records sent in the 811 transaction set to create error records. These records will be returned to the reporting entity in order to test the error return process.

The following lists the basic transaction steps:

- The reporting entity sends a small test 811 document (6-10 records) to the AMIRS.
- The AMIRS sends back the 997 Functional Acknowledgment to the reporting entity.
- The AMIRS sends a policy error 811 to the reporting entity.
- The process is repeated with a test 811 document of a size representing a "typical" weekly report for that company.

6.4. Validation Test

The AMIRS will process the 811 documents sent by the reporting entity that have passed the transaction set testing. ADOT MVD will review the results of the file processing and determine whether the level of accepted records is sufficient. Validation testing will continue until both parties are satisfied with the level of accepted records.

7. AMIRS Contacts and Information

7.1. ADOT MVD AMIRS Contacts

Business Contact:

Gloria Paul
Reporting Coordinator
MVD
PO Box 2100, Mail Drop 535M
Phoenix, AZ 85001-2100
<mailto:GPaul@azdot.gov>
Phone – (602) 712-8308
Fax – (602) 712-3288

Technical Contact

Noel King
ALIR Programmer
ADOT
206 S. 17th Ave, Mail Drop 110G
Phoenix, AZ 85007-3213

<mailto:NKing@azdot.gov>
Phone – (602) 712-7747
Fax – (602) 407-8980

7.2. ADOT MVD Information on the Internet

The ADOT MVD web site is <http://www.azdot.gov/mvd/index.asp>

7.3. Service Bureau contacts

There are service bureaus that submit EDI X12 policy reports on behalf of insurance companies. The following list includes some of these service bureaus , but is not an all inclusive list of all service bureau companies

AITE

Rajani Konduru

Rajani.Konduru@aig.com

(973) 503-5225

Insurity, A LexisNexis Company

Eslyn R. Hazel

Eslyn.Hazel@lexisnexis.com

Phone:770.619.8692

Fax: 770.619.8686

Insurance Information Exchange

Pamela Drewery

CV-ALIR Product Analyst

pldrewery@iso.com

(800) 299-7099 ext. 88481

IVANS, Inc.

Michele Hendy

ALIR Project Manager

Michele.Hendy@ivans.com

Phone: (513) 943 -8833

Fax: (203) 601 - 3842

8. Glossary

The following is a list of definitions and acronyms used throughout Arizona's MI X12 implementation guide. These definitions are intended to help clarify the terms used.

AAMVA: American Association of Motor Vehicle Administrators. AAMVA is a voluntary, nonprofit, tax-exempt, educational organization of state and provincial officials in the United States and Canada responsible for the administration and enforcement of laws pertaining to the motor vehicle and its use.

AAMVAnet: A network established by AAMVA to provide cost effective communication networks.

ADOT: Arizona Department of Transportation.

ALIR: Automobile Liability Insurance Reporting.

AMIRS: Arizona's Mandatory Insurance Reporting System.

ANSI ASC X12: The American National Standards Institute (ANSI), Accredited Standards Committee (ASC) X12. These are universal standards to enable all organizations to use a single agency (X12) to develop and maintain transaction sets.

Data Element: Fields used in X12 segments.

Date Of Birth:- Date of birth (month, day, year) of the policyholder.

Document: Refers to a single vehicle or non-vehicle policy

EDI: Electronic Data Interchange is inter-company, computer-to-computer transmission of business data in a standard format.

Effective Date: Inception date of the policy. This value must be provided for new business and SR26 reports.

Expiration Date: This is the date that the insurance coverage is no longer effective. It must be provided for cancellation records only. A liability policy will be considered valid until a cancellation record is received. An SR22 report is considered open for 3 years or until a matching SR26 report is received.

Hard Error: An error that signifies a rejected policy report record or transaction set. The error should be corrected and the document or transaction resubmitted.

Information Exchange Mailbox (IE): A unique "address" that provides an reporting entity with the ability to receive and send information from trading partners.

Make: This is the manufacturer of the vehicle. If the policy type is vehicle specific, this value should be present. Likewise, if the vehicle-make is present, then the policy type must be vehicle specific.

Match: A match occurs when the insurance record corresponds to a vehicle record or customer record.

Message: A data file transmitted through EDI.

MI: Mandatory Insurance program.

MVD: Motor Vehicle Division.

NAIC: The National Association of Insurance Commissioners.

No Match: A no match occurs when a vehicle record or customer record cannot be found on the ADOT MVD databases.

Owner Type: A single letter code used to describe the type of owner that is being reported. This will represent either an individual or organization.

'1'	Individual
'2'	Organization

Policy: Motor vehicle liability coverage issued by an insurer. Identified as a specific vehicle policy, or a non-vehicle specific policy.

Policy Number: This is the insurance policy number. It must be included with each submitted record. If a policy number changes, it must be reported as a cancellation using the existing policy number, and a new business record must be submitted with the new policy number.

Policy record: Record submitted by insurance companies to MVD to report changes to insurance coverage and to correct errors associated with records previously submitted.

Policy Type: Type of policy being reported. The three possible values are:

“1” Personal/passenger coverage.

“2” Commercial coverage

“3” Collectible/Classic coverage

Record Reject: Insufficient or inconclusive insurance information received at the AMIRS and is returned to the reporting entity.

Transaction: Sometimes referred to as transaction set. A transaction contains all of the data sent or received at one time. It can contain more than one document.

Transaction type: This field indicates the type of processing that will be done against the record. The four possible values are:

‘XLC’ Cancellation

‘NBS’ New Business

‘S22’ SR22/New Business

‘S26’ SR26/Cancellation

VAN: Value Added Network. Provides links among trading partners required by electronic communication functions such as EDI or e-mail.

Vehicle Specific/Non Vehicle Specific: Type of policy coverage being reported. The two possible values are:

“V” Vehicle specific record with a specific vehicle ID.

“NS” Non-vehicle specific does not list a specific vehicle’s ID, that information is maintained by MVD. Any changes to a non-vehicle specific policy (cancellations, etc.) will affect all vehicles on file for that customer number.

VIN (Vehicle Identification Number): The vehicle identification number. If the policy is vehicle specific, this data element is required or the record is rejected. If the policy is non-vehicle specific, then this field must be left blank. Include the full 17 characters of the VIN for vehicles with vehicle year 1981 and after.

Year: Model year of the vehicle.

9. Frequently Asked Questions

Which companies must report?

The statute states “each company that cancels or becomes aware of the cancellation or non-renewal of or failure to renew or issuance of a motor vehicle in this state shall provide the department all cancellation, non-renewals or new issues . . .” This has been interpreted as any company that is licensed to write policies in Arizona.

What if we have written no policies in Arizona?

Contact the Reporting Coordinator to be placed in “inactive” status. While in this status your company does not need to report. However, you are required to notify the Reporting Coordinator prior to writing any business in Arizona to have the status removed and arrange to begin reporting.

We only write commercial policies, do we need to report?

Yes, both private passenger and commercial policies must be reported.

Can you process with partial VINs?

No, the full VIN must be provided for vehicle specific policies.

What is the Arizona customer number required for non-vehicle specific policies?

A unique number known as the customer number identifies each person and organization in our database. For individuals it is their driver license number. For organizations it is their Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN), if provided to the AMIRS, or a system-generated number. Contact your customer to obtain this information if needed.

Can you access an insurance record by policy number?

No, insurance records are only accessed by VIN or customer number.

Are there vehicle types, such as non-motorized trailers, that are exempt from reporting?

Arizona Revised Statute Title 28, Chapter 9, Section 4132 lists the vehicles that are exempt from the mandatory insurance requirements. A copy of the statute may be found at:

<http://www.azleg.state.az.us/ars/28/04132.htm>

Is there a standard form to submit the required set up information?

No, the information required by Section 3.1. of this guide may be submitted to the Reporting Coordinator by phone, fax, e-mail or in writing.

Can we report more often than once a week?

Yes. Reporting is required *at least* once every seven days.

We have multiple locations (private passenger and commercial). Can each report separately using the same insurance code?

Yes, multiple reports for the same NAIC may be made.

We have a fourteen (14) day waiting period built into our system before a policy is considered cancelled, but we have to report to you every seven (7) days. How should this be handled?

Report only after you consider the cancellation final.

Do we have to report even if there is no activity during the prior week?

Yes, a “no activity” report must be submitted to avoid being considered in non-compliance.

Can multiple insurance codes be included in the same report?

Yes, however only one code can appear in the header (sender) information.

Do you expect a book of business after testing is completed?

No book of business is required at this time.

Can we report transactions with future dates or should we wait until they become effective?

Wait until they become effective before reporting.

Do we report policies that are “flat cancelled,” that is cancelled before it went into effect?

You would only report a cancellation if you have previously reported the policy as new business.

How does an insurance company register with the Arizona MVD?

The insurance company provides their NAIC number, (National of Insurance Commissioners), on a Certificate of Authority to the MVD. The Certificate of Authority, provided to the company by the Department of Insurance, is what verifies that the company is authorized to do business in Arizona. Contact the Mandatory Insurance Reporting Coordinator at 602-712-8308.

How often should the insurance company report policies?

All new business, cancellations and reinstatements must be reported at least every (7) days, by X12 (TS 811) submissions.

What if there is a mistake on the vehicle identification number?

The error is returned to the company for correction and the corrected policy report should be reported to the AMIRS as soon as possible.

What if the error is not corrected?

If no proof is provided or received from the owner or insurance company, the vehicle's registration and plates may be suspended.

After a policy is cancelled; when does it get reported to the MVD?

If the company reports electronically, then there is a good chance that it will be automatically submitted in the company's next report. Many companies reporting electronically make daily submissions, while others report weekly.

What if a notice is generated on a cancellation, but the policy is reinstated?

Once the company receives a reinstatement and notifies the MVD, if the vehicle's registration has not been suspended, the 'NBS' policy report reactivates the record of policy coverage and no further verification is needed.

Are faxed insurance verifications necessary once the company has reinstated the policy?

No. Once the reinstatement has been electronically resubmitted, then it is not necessary for the agents to send faxes to the MVD.

What if a vehicle is suspended for no proof of insurance, but it's insurance was valid?

The registered owner needs to provide proof of insurance coverage on the date of suspension, in person, at the nearest MVD office. This will insure that the suspension is lifted and the plates and registration are active. The agent for the insured can fax verification if the proof of coverage is valid.

If insurance was not in effect, then the owner/owners of the vehicle will need to obtain an SR22 from a valid insurance company, pay a reinstatement fee of \$50.00 and carry the SR22 for three (3) years.

Is an ADOT code mandatory on the insurance verification?

The code is no longer mandatory. What needs to be provided is the name of the company that is providing coverage and that company's NAIC. Since so many companies provide varied forms of coverage, and have different NAIC codes for each branch of their companies, a specific code is useful in determining the correct company that is providing the coverage.

What is the correct policy number to be reported?

The policy number that appears on the insurance certificate, insurance card, or policy certificate should be consistent on all documents and reports. This avoids any confusion for the vehicle record.

If a policy is reinstated with a different number, should it be reported as a new policy?

Yes. When a policy number is changed, for any reason, it needs to be reported as a new business transaction and the old one has to be reported as a cancellation transaction.

Are SR22 and SR26's reported electronically?

Yes.

How soon should verification be submitted to the MVD after the purchase of a new vehicle?

Once the vehicle is registered with the MVD, it needs to have proof of coverage on record. If it is not provided or found, then the first notice is mailed to the registered owner(s).

The policy input process searches for the registration VIN and will attach the policy to the vehicle record if a match is located. If coverage is not applied to the vehicle record, then a suspension notice is generated and the plates and registration are suspended, until current proof of insurance is received.

10. Sample X12 811 Transaction Set Policy Report

ISA 00 00 ZZ BBB1 BABAB ZZ AZMV
AZMVIE4 000622 162
4 U 00305 020000622 1 T
GS CI BBB1 BABAB AZMV
AZMVIE4 000622 1624 20000622 X 003050
ST 811 0001
BIG 000622 1
N1 IN SENDER'S NAME NI 11111
N1 2F ARIZONA MVD MI
HL 1 1 1
NM1 IN 2 INSURANCE COMPANY NAME NI 22222
IT1 1 IP 0
DTM 368 000622 20
HL 2 1 2 1
NM1 2F 2 AZ
HL 3 2 4 1
NM1 IL 1 BOLDER CURTIS N 443222222
N3 8820 W PERSHING AVE
N4 PEORIA AZ 85381
IT1 1 IP 0
SI ZZ 11 NBS
REF IG 1102SL22203
REF XM AZ
REF S3 V
DTM 222 570605 19
DTM 007 000630 20
HL 4 3 5 0
LX 1
VEH 1 2G4WB52M3S8847778 19 95 NA BUIC
HL 5 3 5 0
LX 2
VEH 2 JN1EJ01F9NT144444 19 92 NA NISS
TDS 1
CTT 0001
SE 00030 0001
GE 1 20000622
IEA 1 020000622

11. Sample X12 811 Transaction Set No Activity Report

ISA 00 00 ZZ ALIR ALIR000 ZZ AZMV
AZMVIE4 010205 132
6 U 00305 000000007 1 P
GS CI ALIR ALIR000 AZMV
AZMVIE4 010205 1326 7 X 003050
ST 811 0007
BIG 010205 1
N1 IN SENDER'S NAME NI 12345
N1 2F ARIZONA MVD MI
HL 1 1 1
NM1 IN 2 INSURANCE COMPANY NAME NI 12345
IT1 1 IP 0
DTM 368 010205 20
HL 2 1 2 1
NM1 2F 2 AZ
HL 3 2 4 0
NM1 IL 3 NO ACTIVITY
IT1 1 IP 0
SI ZZ 11 OTH
REF S3 NS
TDS 1
CTT 1
SE 18 0007
GE 1 7
IEA 1 000000007

12. Hierarchical Levels in an 811 transaction sets

An X12 811 transaction set is hierarchical with parent and children relationships. The HL segment type identifies it as a hierarchical level. Each HL segment has a unique identifier in the HL01 element. If an HL segment is a child, then its parent's ID is identified in the HL02 element. The HL03 element identifies the level (1,2,4,5). Level (1) is the insurance company identifier and the first level. The next level (2) identifies the State and it is linked as a child to the most recent level (1) that precedes it. There is no level (3), it skips to the level (4) policy level. The parent of the level (4) is the most recent level (2). The next level (5) is the vehicle level which is a child of the most recent level (4) level that precedes it

HL 1 level - (first) insurance company

HL 2 level - identifies the state being reported to for the preceding (first) HL 1 level

HL 4 level - identifies the policy information for the preceding (first) HL 1/HL 2 level

HL 5 level - identifies the vehicle(s) information for the preceding (first) HL 1/HL 2/HL 4 level

HL 4 level - identifies the policy information for the preceding (first) HL1/HL 2 level

HL 5 level - identifies the vehicle(s) information for the preceding (first) HL 1/HL 2/HL 4 level (1 to many HL 5s depending on how many vehicles on a policy)

HL 5 level - identifies the vehicle(s) information for the preceding (first) HL 1/HL 2/HL 4 level

HL 4 level - identifies the policy information for the preceding (first) HL 1/HL 2 level

HL 5 level - identifies the vehicle(s) information for the preceding (first) HL 1/HL 2/HL 4 level

Keeps repeating 4 and 5 levels until the end of the transaction set or until another insurance company is identified by another level (1) level.